53031 to 53080—Continued.

53040. Clematis graveolens Lindl. Ranunculaceæ.

Clematis.

A rapid climber found from the Himalayan region to Persia, bearing thin, pinnate, shiny leaves and cymes of yellow flowers, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches across, tinted with green.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 30765.

53041. CLEMATIS RETICULATA Walt. Ranunculacese.

Clematis.

A slender climber native to the United States from South Carolina to Alabama and Florida, which bears very coriaceous reticulated leaves and solitary, axillary, nodding bell-shaped flowers.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 11557.

53042. Clematis vitalba L. Ranunculaceæ.

Clematis.

The most vigorous climber of the genus, ascending to 30 feet. It is native to Europe, northern Africa, and the Caucasus; and bears axillary panicles of dull-white flowers followed by fruits with long feathery styles from which it is called "old man's beard."

53043, Clematis viticella L. Ranunculaceæ.

Clematis.

The type of one of the leading groups of garden clematis, and one of the parents of the Jackmanii type of hybrids. It climbs to a height of 12 feet; bears entire or 3-parted leaves and blue or purple flowers up to 2 inches in diameter growing singly or in threes. Native to southern Europe.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 49810.

53044. Delphinium consolida L. Ranunculaceæ.

Larkspur.

An erect hairy European annual 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, with blue or white flowers in loose panicles.

53045. Dolichos Lablab L. Fabaceæ.

Bonavist bean.

An annual ornamental tropical bean climbing to a height of 20 feet, with long erect racemes of rather large purple or white flowers; the pods and seeds are eaten in the Tropics.

53046. Elymus arenarius L. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

A stout coarse perennial native to the temperate regions of both hemispheres. It is used for binding coast sands. The seed is used by the Digger Indians for food.

Received as *Elymus geniculatus*, which is now referred to *E. arenarius*. For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 24473.

53047. Elymus caput-medusae L. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

An erect annual introduced from Europe.

53048. Elymus europaeus L. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

A tall European perennial with lax flat blades about half an inch wide and a narrow nodding bristly head 5 to 8 inches long.

Received as Hordeum europaeum, which is now referred to Elymus europaeus.

53049. Elymus giganteus Vahl. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

A grass native to Russia and Siberia.

53050. Elymus hirsutiglumis Scribn. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

Southern wild rye, a grass with stout erect culms 3 to 5 feet high and ascending rough-hairy leaves 8 to 12 inches long.

53051. Elymus sibiricus L. Poaceæ.

Lyme-grass.

A tall grass with heavy overhanging heads found on fertile flats in higher mountain regions of Chihli Province, China. Of value possibly for grazing.

For previous introduction, see S. P. I. No. 36794.